

<p>Asthma (pp 642</p>	<p>Demonstrate how to use the OPQRST assessment to obtain more specific information about a patient's breathing problem</p>
<p>Demonstrate how to use the PASTE assessment to obtain more specific information about a patient's breathing problem</p>	<p>Demonstrate the process of history taking to obtain more information related to a patient's chief complaint based on a case scenario</p>
<p>Describe different respiratory conditions that cause dyspnea, including their causes, assessment findings and symptoms, complications, and specific prehospital management and tra</p>	<p>Describe the assessment of a patient who is in respiratory distress and the relationship of the assessment findings to patient management and transport decisions</p>
<p>Describe the primary emergency medical care of a person who is in respiratory distress</p>	<p>Discuss some pandemic considerations related to the spread of influenza type A and coronavirus and strategies EMTs should employ to protect themselves from infection during a possi</p>
<p>Discuss the pathophysiology of respiration, including examples of the common signs and symptoms a patient with inadequate breathing may present with in an emergency situation</p>	<p>Epiglottitis (pp 635, 648</p>

<p>Definition: 643, 648–656). Source row: extract_full_book Book reference: Printed pages 627–674. Emergency Care and Transportation of the Sick and Injured, 12th ed.</p>	<p>Definition: Knowledge/skills objective (printed page 628); confirm wording in your course copy. Source row: pdf_objective Book reference: Printed page 628. Emergency Care and Transportation of the Sick and Injured, 12th ed.</p>
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<p>Explain the physiology of respiration; include the signs of normal breathing</p>	<p>Explain the special patient assessment and care considerations that are required for geriatric patients who are experiencing respiratory distress</p>
<p>Explain the special patient assessment and care considerations that are required for pediatric patients who are experiencing respiratory distress</p>	<p>Green, red, or rust</p>
<p>List five different types of adventitious breath sounds, their signs and symptoms, and the disease process associated with each one</p>	<p>List the characteristics of infectious diseases that are frequently associated with dyspnea</p>
<p>List the structures and functions of the upper and lower airways, lungs, and accessory structures of the respiratory system</p>	<p>Lower airway (pp 628</p>
<p>Pertussis (pp 636</p>	<p>Providing positive</p>

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<p>Definition: 637, 648–656). Source row: extract_full_book Book reference: Printed pages 627–674. Emergency Care and Transportation of the Sick and Injured, 12th ed.</p>	<p>Definition: pressure ventilations using. Source row: extract_full_book Book reference: Printed pages 627–674. Emergency Care and Transportation of the Sick and Injured, 12th ed.</p>

Pulmonary edema (pp 638	Pulmonary embolism (pp 645
State the generic name, medication forms, dose, administration, indications, actions, and contraindications for medications that are administered via metered-dose inhalers (MDIs) a	The MDI or small
Toxic gas (pp 647	Upper airway (pp 628
Usually in long	

<p>Definition: 639, 648–656). Source row: extract_full_book Book reference: Printed pages 627–674. Emergency Care and Transportation of the Sick and Injured, 12th ed.</p>	<p>Definition: 646, 664). Source row: extract_full_book Book reference: Printed pages 627–674. Emergency Care and Transportation of the Sick and Injured, 12th ed.</p>
<p>Definition: Knowledge/skills objective (printed page 628); confirm wording in your course copy. Source row: pdf_objective Book reference: Printed page 628. Emergency Care and Transportation of the Sick and Injured, 12th ed.</p>	<p>Definition: volume nebulizer is not pre-. Source row: extract_full_book Book reference: Printed pages 627–674. Emergency Care and Transportation of the Sick and Injured, 12th ed.</p>
<p>Definition: 656, 665). Source row: extract_full_book Book reference: Printed pages 627–674. Emergency Care and Transportation of the Sick and Injured, 12th ed.</p>	<p>Definition: 638, 656–662). Source row: extract_full_book Book reference: Printed pages 627–674. Emergency Care and Transportation of the Sick and Injured, 12th ed.</p>
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